

Integrated Border Services 302 Cortuo Reynosa, MX 88788

NOV 1 8 2016

cc: Century International Services 923 Produce Rd Hidalgo, TX 78557

RE: MUR 6944

Dear Sir or Madam:

On June 25, 2015, the Federal Election Commission ("Commission") notified Integrated Border Services ("Integrated") of a complaint alleging violations of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971, as amended. On November 14, 2016, based upon the information contained in the complaint, and information provided by the respondents, the Commission decided to exercise its prosecutorial discretion to dismiss the complaint and close its file in this matter. Accordingly, the Commission closed its file in this matter on November 14, 2016.

Documents related to the case will be placed on the public record within 30 days. See Statement of Policy Regarding Disclosure of Closed Enforcement and Related Files, 68 Fed. Reg. 70,426 (Dec. 18, 2003) and Statement of Policy Regarding Placing First General Counsel's Reports on the Public Record, 74 Fed. Reg. 66,132 (Dec. 14, 2009). The Factual and Legal Analysis, which more fully explains the Commission's findings, is enclosed for your information.

If you have any questions, please contact Don Campbell, the attorney assigned to this matter, at (202) 694-1650.

Sincerely,

Lisa J. Stevenson

Acting Seneral Counsel

BY:

Jeff S. Jordan

Assistant General Counsel Complaints Examination and Legal Administration

Enclosure Factual and Legal Analysis

## FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

2	FACTUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS			
3 4 · 5 6 7 8		RESP	ONDENTS: Jose A. Farias Aquiles J. Garza Mario Bracamontes Arturo J. Cortez Integrated Border Services	MUR 6944 s
10 11 12	I.	INTR	ODUCTION	
13		This r	natter was generated by a complaint alle	eging violations of the Federal Election
14	Campaign Act of 1971, as amended ("the Act") and Commission regulations by Jose A. Farias,			
15	Aquiles J. Garza, Mario Bracamontes, Arturo J. Cortez, (the "Candidates"), and Integrated			
16	Border Services ("IBS"). It was scored as a low-rated matter under the Enforcement Priority			
17	System, by which the Commission uses formal scoring criteria as a basis to allocate its resources			
18	and decide which matters to pursue.			
19	II.	FAC	TUAL AND LEGAL ANALYSIS	
20		A.	Factual Background	•
21		The C	omplaint alleges that the Candidates vio	plated the Act and Commission regulations
22	by accepting a \$100 contribution from a foreign entity, IBS. Compl. at 1. The Complaint			
23	claims that the Candidates' disclosure reports filed with the City of Pharr, Texas, show that the			
24	\$100 contribution came from an address in Reynosa, Mexico. 1 Id.			
25	The Candidates acknowledged receiving IBS's \$100 contribution on February 18, 2015,			
26	and admit that the contribution check showed a Mexican address. Resp. at 1. The Candidates			

The Complainant submitted campaign finance reports from the Candidates as attachments to the Complaint; the included reports list a \$100 contribution from IBS, received February 18, 2015. Compl., Attach. 1 at 16, 33, 50, 67.

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- 1 argue that IBS is a Texas Limited Liability Company, and the funds were drawn from a United
- 2 States bank.<sup>2</sup> Id. at 1, 3-4. They state that IBS has its registered address in Texas, and "like
- many businesses in [the] border community," it operates in both Texas and Mexico. Id. at 3-4.
- 4 The Candidates did not believe the contribution was prohibited, but refunded it on May 1, 2015,
- 5 before the Complaint was filed, "out of an abundance of caution." Id. at 1, 4. The Candidates
- attached a copy of the refund check issued to IBS, but not the contribution check itself.<sup>3</sup> Id. at 6.
- 7 IBS did not file a response.

## B. Legal Analysis

The Act and Commission regulations prohibit a foreign national from making a contribution — directly or indirectly through any other person — in connection with an election to any political office. The term "foreign national" includes "a partnership, association, corporation, organization or other combination of persons organized under the laws of or having its principal place of business in a foreign country." The Commission's regulations further provide that a "foreign national shall not direct, dictate, control, or directly or indirectly participate in the decision-making process of any person . . . with regard to . . . election-related activities." This prohibition includes "decisions concerning the making of contributions, donations, expenditures, or disbursements." The Act's prohibition against contributions by

The Response included a Certificate of Fact from the Office of the Secretary of State of Texas, certifying that IBS filed Articles of Organization as a domestic LLC in Texas in 2001, and that its registered address is in Hidalgo, Texas. *Id.* at 5.

The campaign finance reports that the Complainant submitted as a supplement to the Complaint list this \$100 payment made to IBS on May 1, 2015, under "Campaign Expenses." Compl., Attach. 2 at 4, 12, 31, 37.

<sup>52</sup> U.S.C. § 30121(a)(1)(A), (B); 11 C.F.R. § 110.20(b), (c).

<sup>52</sup> U.S.C. § 30121(b)(1); 22 U.S.C. § 611(b).

<sup>6 11</sup> C.F.R. § 110.20(i).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Id.

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- 1 foreign nationals applies to any election for political office, including state and local offices.8
- 2 Additionally, the Act also prohibits persons from knowingly soliciting, accepting, or receiving a
- 3 contribution or donation from a foreign national.9
- 4 The available information is insufficient to determine whether IBS is a foreign national
- 5 entity. 10 IBS is an LLC registered in Texas, however, it also operates in Mexico, and there is no
- 6 information, other than the Candidates' assertion, that its registered office in Texas is its
- 7 principal place of business. Even if IBS is not a foreign national entity, there is no information
- 8 indicating whether foreign nationals participated in the decision to make the contribution. As to
- 9 the Candidates, the \$100 check they received bore a Mexican address, and they refunded the
- 10 contribution about 70 days after they received it, several weeks before the Complaint was filed,
- but apparently after the time provided for in the Commission's regulations. 11
- 12 Under these circumstances, and in light of the de minimis amount at issue, and in
- 13 furtherance of the Commission's priorities relative to other matters pending on the Enforcement
- docket, the Commission exercises its prosecutorial discretion and dismisses the allegations
- 15 pursuant to *Heckler v. Chaney*, 470 U.S. 821 (1985).

United States v. Kanchanalak, 192 F.3d 1037, 1049 (D.C. Cir. 1999) (concluding that the Commission has consistently interpreted 2 U.S.C. § 441e (now 52 U.S.C. § 30121) as applicable to federal, state, and local elections).

See 52 U.S.C. § 30121(a)(2); 11 C.F.R. § 110.20(a)(4), (g). The Commission's regulations provide that "knowing" acceptance of a foreign national contribution in violation of the Act includes circumstances in which a person is "aware of facts that would lead a reasonable person to inquire whether the source of funds solicited, accepted or received is a foreign national, but the person failed to conduct a reasonable inquiry."

11 C.F.R. § 110.20(a)(4)(iii). Here, the Respondents admit that the contribution check bore a Mexican address, which likely would have led a reasonable person to inquire whether the contributions came from a foreign national.

<sup>10</sup> IBS did not respond to the Complaint. See supra, footnote 2, Texas Secretary of State Certificate of Fact.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> See 11 C.F.R. § 103.3(b)(2).